

Preparing for an In-Flight Medical Emergency

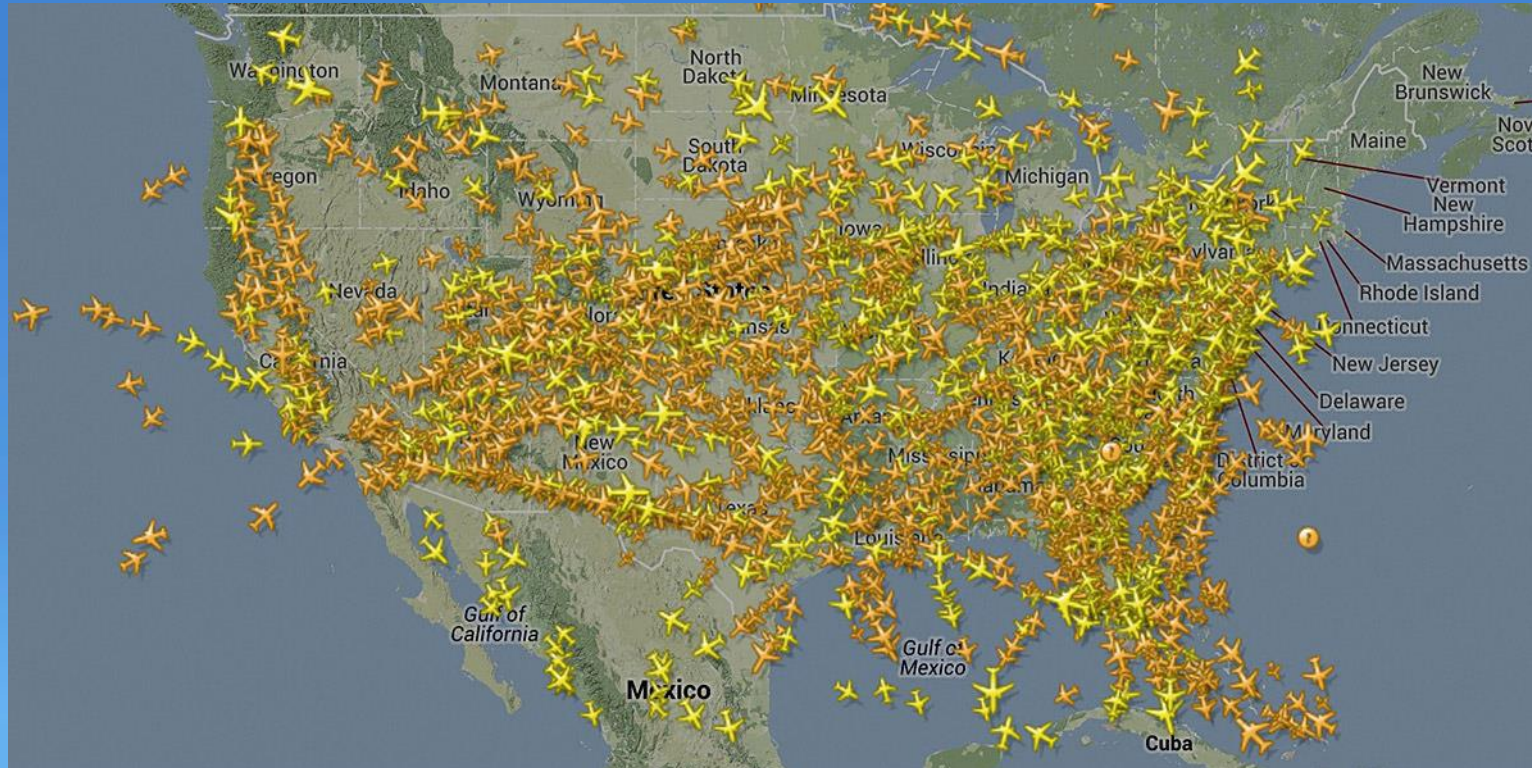
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Cabin Safety Research Workshop



City in the Sky



- 2,587,000 Fly In and Out of US airports daily^[1]
- 1.27 million in airspace at one time on average^[2]
- Chicago Population: 2.705 Million^[3]
- Dallas Population: 1.317 Million^[3]

Commercial Aircraft Medical and Emergency Equipment



First Aid Kit – 14 CFR 121.803(C)(1)

Required Contents	Required Qty
Adhesive bandage compresses, 1-inch	16
Antiseptic swabs	20
Ammonia inhalants	10
Bandage compresses, 4-inch	8
Triangular bandage compresses, 40-inch	5
Arm splint, noninflatable	1
Leg splint, noninflatable	1
Roller bandage, 4-inch	4
Adhesive tape, 1-inch standard roll	2
Bandage scissors	1



No. Passengers	No. of Req. First Aid Kits
0-50	1
51-150	2
151-250	3
250+	4

Enhanced Medical Kit – 14 CFR 121.803(C)(3)

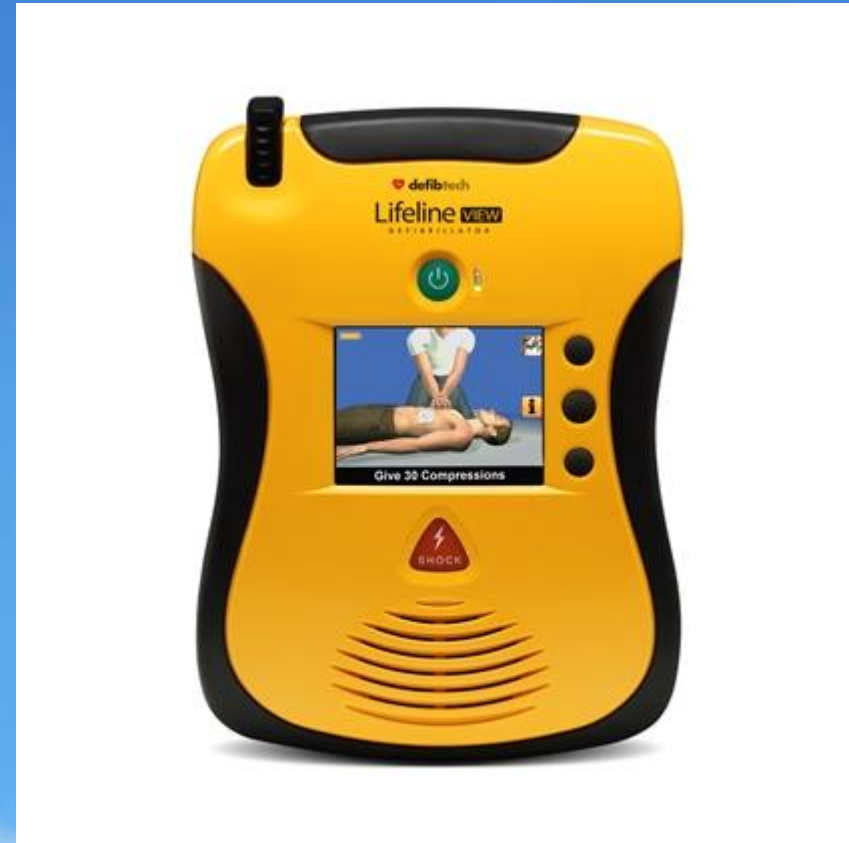
Required Contents	Quantity
Sphygmomanometer	1
Stethoscope	1
Airways, oropharyngeal (3 sizes): 1 pediatric, 1 small adult, 1 large adult or equivalent	3
Self-inflating manual resuscitation device with 3 masks (1 pediatric, 1 small adult, 1 large adult or equivalent)	1:3 masks
CPR mask (3 sizes), 1 pediatric, 1 small adult, 1 large adult, or equivalent	3
IV Admin Set: Tubing w/2 Y connectors	1
Alcohol sponges	2
Adhesive tape, 1-inch standard roll adhesive	1
Tape scissors	1
Tourniquet	1
Saline solution, 500 cc	1
Protective nonpermeable gloves or equivalent	1
Needles (2-18 ga., 2-20 ga., 2-22 ga., or sizes necessary to administer required medications)	6
Syringes (1-5 cc, 2-10 cc, or sizes necessary to administer required medications)	4
Analgesic, non-narcotic, tablets, 325 mg	4
Antihistamine tables, 25 mg	4
Antihistamine injectable, 50 mg, (single dose ampule or equivalent)	2
Atropine, 0.5 mg, 5 cc (single does ampule or equivalent)	2



Required Contents Continued	Qty
Aspirin tablets, 325 mg	4
Bronchodilator, inhaled (metered does inhaler or equivalent)	1
Dextrose, 50%/50 cc injectable, (single dose ampule or equivalent)	1
Epinephrine 1:1000, 1 cc, injectable, (single dose ampule or equivalent)	2
Epinephrine 1:10,000, 2 cc, injectable, (single dose ampule or equivalent)	2
Lidocaine, 5 cc, 20 mg/ml, injectable (single dose ampule or equivalent)	2
Nitroglycerin tablets, 0.4 mg	10
Basic instructions for use of the drugs in the kit	1

Automatic External Defibrillator – 14 CFR 121.803(C)(4)

- At least one approved automated external defibrillator, legally marketed in the United States in accordance with FDA requirements, that must:
 - 1. Be stored in the passenger cabin.
 - 2. After April 30, 2005:
 - (a) Have a power source that meets FAA Technical Standard Order requirements for power sources for electronic devices used in aviation as approved by the Administrator; or
 - (b) Have a power source that was manufactured before July 30, 2004, and been found by the FAA to be equivalent to a power source that meets the Technical Standard Order requirements of paragraph (a) of this section.
 - 3. Be maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.^[8]



Oxygen – 14 CFR 121.333(e)(3) and 25.1443(d)

- Primary purpose for Flight Attendant use during a decompression event
- First Aid Oxygen for 2% of the passengers after a decompression event also required
- Mass flow rate of 4 L/min_[7]



Universal Precautions Kit

Typically contains items such as:

- Gloves
- Gown
- Mask
- Spill clean up absorbent powder
- Surface disinfectant wipe
- Hand towelette
- Biohazard Bag



Additional Airline Kits

- Additional kits that are not required by the FAA
- May include commonly used items such as bandages, thermometer strips, stethoscope, and blood pressure cuffs
- Primarily to support minor medical emergencies before the use of the advanced medical kit is required
- Kits with medical headsets to talk with ground medical personal and the pilot
- Additives to the emergency kits such as anti nausea medication, thermometer, urinary catheter, etc.

Managing In-Flight Medical Events



Flight Attendant Training – 14 CFR 121.805

Training Includes:

- Instruction in emergency medical event procedures, including coordination among crewmembers.
- Instruction in the location, function, and intended operation of emergency medical equipment.
- Instruction to familiarize crewmembers with the content of the emergency medical kit.
- Instruction, to include performance drills, in the proper use of automated external defibrillators.
- Instruction, to include performance drills, in cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
- Recurrent training, to include performance drills, in the proper use of an automated external defibrillators and in cardiopulmonary resuscitation at least once every 24 months.
- The crewmember instruction, performance drills, and recurrent training required under this section are not required to be equivalent to the expert level of proficiency attained by professional emergency medical personnel.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=toP4a3gWzTA>

Medical Emergencies on Commercial Airline Flights

New England Journal of Medicine

Most Common Emergencies_[4]:

- Fainting/lightheaded (37.4%)
- Respiratory Symptoms (12.1%)
- Nausea/vomiting (9.5%)

Most Common Treatments_[4]:

- Oxygen
- Aspirin
- Saline

Less Common Emergencies_[4]:

- Obstetrical (0.5%)
- Cardiac Arrest (0.3%)

Medical Volunteers Preparation Checklist from Aerospace Medical Association

- Before flight consider the possibility you may be asked to help
- Decide if you are in proper condition to respond (e.g. alcohol consumption etc.)
- Identify yourself and offer proof of credentials if you have them
- If situation is serious, ask if they have medical ground support to get them involved early
- Request the emergency medical kit and AED if needed
- Request that at least one cabin crew member remain available to answer your questions and to communicate with the pilot
- If necessary, ask for an interpreter
- If possible and appropriate, treat the traveler while seated
- If the passenger needs to be horizontal, request that he be transported to where the intervention will interfere the least with mobility of other cabin crew and the passengers
- If resuscitation is required and you are presented a DNR order, decide if that is acceptable to you, note that the cabin crew may continue resuscitation on their own or ask for another medical professional
- Document your findings and treatment, preferably on the airline form if one is available. Keep your own personal copy.
- Do not attempt to practice beyond your level of expertise, but remember that whatever your level of expertise is, it is better than any non-health professional^[5]

Good Samaritan Law

Aviation Medical Assistance Act of 1998

Section 5(b)

Liability of Individuals.--An individual shall not be liable for damages in any action brought in a Federal or State court arising out of the acts or omissions of the individual in providing or attempting to provide assistance in the case of an in-flight medical emergency unless the individual, while rendering such assistance, is guilty of gross negligence or willful misconduct.^[6]

Airline Protocol for Maintaining Aircraft Emergency Equipment



Inspection of Emergency Equipment

Before every flight:

- Flight Attendants verify location and presence of emergency equipment
- Flight Attendants verify AED status light is blinking green

Periodically:

- Scheduled maintenance inspections for expiration and condition

Removal from aircraft:

- Expired or used equipment sent to FAA certified repair stations who replenish kits to certain specifications built by the airline
- Every replacement is documented in the aircraft log book

Engineering Responsibilities

- Verify all equipment meet or exceed FAA requirements
- Write all work instructions for inspection, repair, or replacement
- Create drawings of equipment
- Create component maintenance manuals
- Approve any allowable deviations from normal operations
- Work with manufacturers to source new equipment or make changes where necessary
- Work with In-Flight, Occupational Health, and Maintenance to evaluate any new change requests

RFID Tags



- Allows maintenance to quickly assess presence and expirations of emergency equipment
- Allows airlines to track specific emergency equipment expirations on every aircraft
- Allows airlines to utilize emergency equipment right up until the expiration

Specific Challenges for Aircraft

- Aircraft Space Availability
- Extreme Environment (vibrations, temperature, pressure, etc.)
- International and Local Laws (hazardous material and narcotics)
- Regulations
- Off Aircraft Storage Capability
- Liability
- Costs

Questions?

Credits

Information

1. <https://www.faa.gov/air-traffic/by-the-numbers/>
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4. <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3740959/>
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6. <https://www.congress.gov/congressional-report/105th-congress/house-report/456/1>
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8. https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=ca6c9218d3eef651e8ad69e121ab1f49&mc=true&node=ap14.3.121.0000_0nbspnbspnbsp.a&rgn=div9

Credits

Videos

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=toP4a3gWzTA>

Graphics

1. <https://flightaware.com/live/>
2. <https://certifiedsafetymfg.com/product/24m-faa-federal-aviation-metal/>
3. [http://www.medaire.com/products-services/bga-products-services/medical-kits-and-equipment-for-aviation/aircraft-first-aid-kit-\(afak\)](http://www.medaire.com/products-services/bga-products-services/medical-kits-and-equipment-for-aviation/aircraft-first-aid-kit-(afak))
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8. <https://www.aliem.com/2014/01/doctor-on-board-5-tips-dealing-in-flight-emergencies/>
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